

Social and Behavior
Change Communication
to Support
Early Grade Reading

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The evolution of health communication

- Information, Education and Communication (IEC)
- Behavior Change Communication (BCC)
- Social & Behavior Change Communication (SBCC)
 - BCC
 - Advocacy
 - Social mobilization



Knowledge is necessary, but not sufficient, for behavior change.



MAANDALIZI YA MWANAMKE MJAMZITO KUJIFUNGUA



NI MUHIMU KUSHIRIKISHA FAMILIA KUHUSU MPANGO WAKO WA KUJIFUNGULIA KITUO CHA HUDUMA AFYA **Y**A Kujifungua ni tendo la kawaida ni muhimu kufanya maandalizi ya kujifungua mapema, epukana na imani potofu zinazosema kwamba ukijandaa mapema mtoto anaweza kufa na hii sio kweli.

Maandalizi ya mapema katika mipango ya kujifungua, ni hatua muhimu kwa mwanamke mjamzito kwani uchungu wa kujifungua unaweza kutokea wakati wowote ule.

Baadhi ya wanawake, ujauzito unaweza kuleta hatari kabla, wakati, na baada ya kujifungua ambayo husababisha ulemavu wa kudumu au kifo kwa mama na mtoto.

Mandalizi wakati wa Kujifungua:

- Mwanamke mjamzito tambua/fahamu matarajio ya tarehe ya kujifungua.
- Mwanamke mjamzito amua/fahamu ni kituo gani cha Afya utakacho jifungulia na nani atakaye kusaidia kukuzalisha awe ni mtaalamu wa afya.

- Jadiliana na wanafamilia ili kujua ni kituo gani utakacho jifungulia.
- Mwanamke mjamzito unashauriwa jiwekee akiba ya fedha kidogo kidogo kwa ajili ya usafiri na maandalizi wakati wa kujifungua
- Uwaandae watu watakaoweza kukutolea damu endapo itahitajika.
- Mama utambue aina ya usafiri atakaoweza kutumia wakati wa dharura.
- Tambua ni mtu gani mwenyemamlaka katika familia yakutoa maamuzi utakaye fuatana nae kwenye kituo cha afya.
- mwanamke mjamzito unashauriwa awe karibu na kituo cha afya utakacho jifungulia kadiri siku za kujifungua zinapo karibia

Faida za maandalizi wakati wa kujifungua:

- Wewe na mzazi mwenzako mtakuwa na uwezo wa kutambua ni lini mtoto atazaliwa na mahitaji yake ni nini.
- Utatambua ni sehemu gani utakayo jifungulia

UTANGULIZI

Parents, love me.

The protection you give me is my only hope.











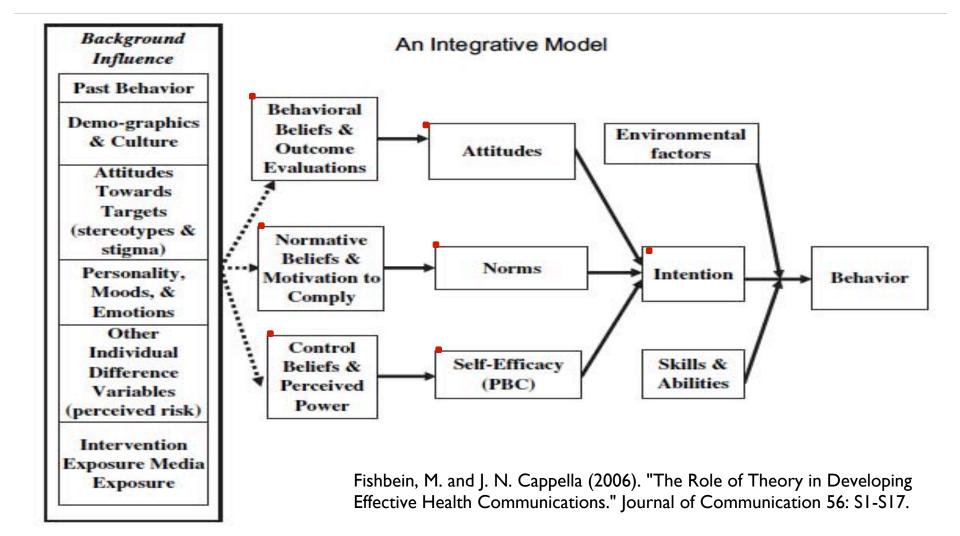






What is Social and Behavior Change Communication?

Social and Behavior Change Communication (SBCC) is the systematic application of interactive, theory-based, and research-driven communication processes and strategies to address tipping points for change at the individual, community and social levels.



P-Process



Step 1: Inquire

Step 2: Design strategy

Step 3: Create and test

Step 4: Mobilize and monitor

Step 5: Evaluate and evolve

SBCC to Promote Family and Community Support for Early Grade Reading in Kaolack, Senegal



- Proof of concept study
- Study population: Households with a student in the ARED French-Wolof bilingual program for grades 1 to 3
- 13 intervention communities in Kaolack
- 13 control communities in Rufisque
- Pre- and post-campaign surveys measure behavior, attitudes, beliefs
- Three-month campaign launched Oct. I

Step 1: Inquire





Step 2: Design strategy

Communication Objectives

- Enhance perception of the value of reading for children's success in school and to ensure a better life in the future (behavioral belief > attitude)
- Promote reading and literacy of children as a pleasure and a shared responsibility, with benefits for individuals and families (normative belief > norms)
- Strengthen the confidence of parents in their ability to improve children's success in reading, even if they are not literate (control belief > self-efficacy)

Step 3: Create and test



Combines art and science: engage artists, scriptwriters, musicians, theatre groups, ad agencies, etc. to create content:

- Radio spots
- Radio programs
- Posters, banners, flyers
- Theatre sketches
- Characters
- Logo





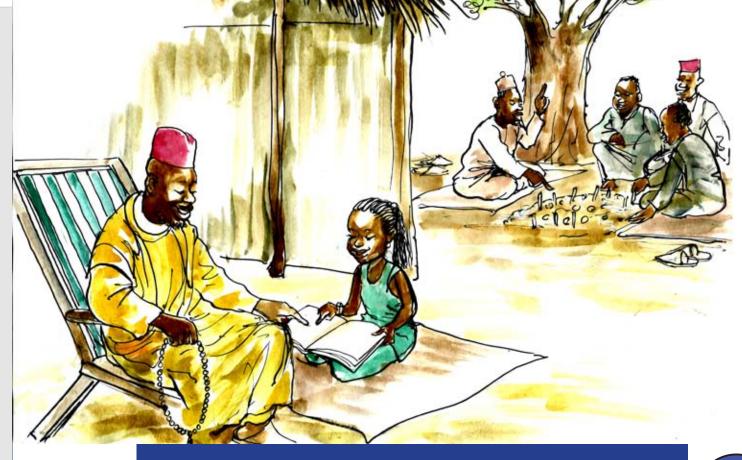
Reading is the root of knowledge.

Dear parents, read with me!



WAAJUR SAMA, JAPPALEEL SA DOOM!

The time that you give me will create my success.





SA JOT BI NGA MAY JAGLEEL CI SAMA LIIFANTU DINA JUR SAMA TEKKI.



Household chores should not be an obstacle to a child's learning to read.





LIGGÉEYI KËR GI DUÑU TERE NJABOOT GI DUGAL SEEN LOXO CI LIIFANTU.



If you read with me, you won't regret it!





SU NGEEN MA GUNGEE CI SAMA LIIFANTU, DU NGEEN KO RECCU!



Papa: Kéba why are you crying?

Kéba: My classmates make fun of me because I don't know how to read. "Kéba can't read! Kéba can't read!"

Papa: Dry your tears! From now on I'm going to take all my time to help you learn to read. And I'm going to tell your brother, your sister, your uncle, your aunt and your grandmother to spend some time with you, even if it's just 20 minutes a day.

Reading is the root of knowledge. Dear parents, read with me!



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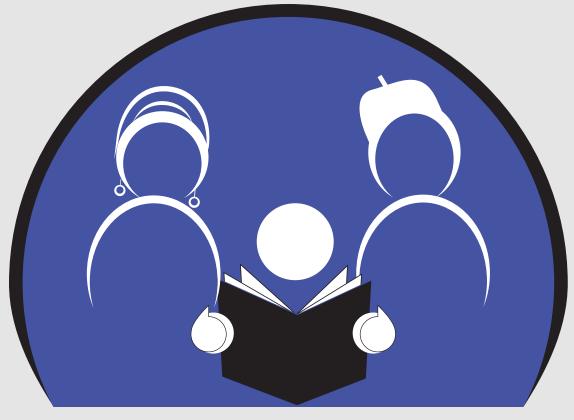
Senegal Baseline Survey: Selected Kaolack Results

- How often do you help your child with his/her schoolwork?
 - Every day: 47%
 - Never: 37%
- Do you usually ask your children about his/her school day?
 - Yes: 73%
- How do you help your child with school? (unprompted)
 - Tell him/her to to his/her work: 35%
 - Ask him/her questions about the school day: 22%
 - Ask him/her to read to me: 17%
 - Read to him/her: 7%

Senegal Baseline Survey: Selected Kaolack Results

- Attitudes: What role can parents play to help their child with school? (unprompted)
 - Meet with teacher: 67%
 - Buy school supplies: 42%
 - Do homework with child: 16%
 - Read with child/Ask child to read: 12%
- **Self efficacy:** Can you help your child learn to read?
 - Yes: 67%
- Norms: Do your friends and neighbors read with their children?
 - Yes: 59%





LIIFANTU REENU XAM-XAM

WAAJUR SAMA, JÄPPALEEL SA DOOM!

